

Ad hoc announcement pursuant to Art. 53 LR Newron and EA Pharma (a subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd.) announce license agreement for evenamide in Japan and other Asian territories

- Newron will receive up to a maximum of €117 million from an upfront payment, development milestones and commercialization milestones, and up to double-digit tiered royalties on net sales
- Evenamide is a unique modulator of the excessive release of glutamate in treatment resistant schizophrenia (TRS) and poorly responding patients with schizophrenia
- Newron expects to begin a pivotal Phase III trial in H1 2025 for evenamide as an add-on therapy to any current anti-psychotic in TRS patients
- Newron continues to pursue further development opportunities for evenamide in other territories

Milan, Italy, Morristown, NJ, USA, and Tokyo, Japan, December 13, 2024, 7 am CET – Newron Pharmaceuticals S.p.A. (“Newron”) (SIX: NWRN, XETRA: NP5), a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of novel therapies for patients with diseases of the central and peripheral nervous system, and EA Pharma Co., Ltd. (Head Office, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan; President, Hidenori Yabune; “EA Pharma”), a subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd., today announced that they have entered into a license agreement to develop, manufacture and commercialize Newron’s innovative modulator of the excessive release of glutamate, evenamide, in Japan and other designated Asian territories¹.

Under the terms of the license agreement, in exchange for full rights in the licensed territories, Newron will receive up to a maximum total of €117 million from EA Pharma, including an upfront payment of €44 million, financial contributions to its upcoming Phase III one-year study to be performed outside of the licensed territories, regulatory and commercialization milestones, and tiered royalties up to a double-digit percentage of net sales for evenamide.

The execution of this agreement, especially the upfront payment of €44 million, is expected to materially impact Newron’s 2024 financial statements.

Stefan Weber, CEO of Newron, commented: *“This partnering agreement for evenamide is a key milestone in our goal to offer a truly innovative, evidence-based alternative to patients suffering from schizophrenia, those who are responding poorly to their treatments, or who have become treatment resistant to currently available medications. We are thrilled to work with the EA Pharma team and to have the opportunity to advance evenamide through a Phase III study and towards regulatory submission in Japan and other Asian territories by one of Japan’s leading pharmaceutical companies. Newron will now focus on the initiation of our Phase III one-year study in TRS and expect to start that study outside of the licensed territories in H1 2025. We are also pursuing further development opportunities for evenamide in other territories.”*

“EA is thrilled to acquire the license for evenamide in Japan and other Asian territories. Evenamide has a new mechanism of action involving glutamate regulation and is the first in the world with this mechanism of action to demonstrate therapeutic efficacy in clinical trials. It is the result of many years of outstanding research by the Newron team. We believe evenamide has the potential to be transformational for patients suffering from schizophrenia.” **said Hidenori Yabune, President of EA Pharma.**

¹ Brunei Darussalam, the Kingdom of Cambodia, the Republic of Indonesia, the Lao People’s Democratic Republic, Malaysia, the Union of Myanmar, the Republic of the Philippines, the Republic of Singapore, the Kingdom of Thailand, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Jefferies International Limited (“Jefferies”) acted as the exclusive financial advisor to Newron. Orrick Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP advised as legal counsel to Newron.

About schizophrenia

Approximately 25 million people worldwide are affected by schizophrenia. Despite more than 60 different types of atypical and typical antipsychotics used for schizophrenia globally, a considerable number of patients remain severely ill or resistant to treatment. Overall, 30-50% of patients do not respond to the available medications and are defined treatment resistant. In addition to the patients with treatment-resistant schizophrenia (TRS), another 20-30% are described as “poor responders to anti-psychotic medication,” even if not meeting the criteria for TRS. New findings indicate that patients with TRS have abnormalities in the glutamatergic system, but not in dopaminergic transmission, so there is a huge unmet medical need for a glutamatergic mechanism of action, efficacious both in TRS patients and in those who are poor responders to the current treatments.

About evenamide

Evenamide is the first new chemical entity that has demonstrated significant benefits in this difficult-to-treat patient population, as seen in the potentially pivotal Phase III study 008A trial, as an add-on treatment to second generation antipsychotics including clozapine, in 291 poorly responding patients with chronic schizophrenia. The primary endpoint, the Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS)², and the key secondary endpoint, the Clinical Global Impressions Scale – Severity (CGI-S), were met and showed statistical significance compared to placebo. Importantly, evenamide treatment was associated with statistically significant increase in proportion of patients who experienced “clinically meaningful benefit” on the outcome variables. Evenamide was extremely well tolerated, without any of the usual side effects of available antipsychotics.

Evenamide development milestones

During Q1 2024, Newron reported final one-year results from study 014/015, a Phase II open label trial evaluating evenamide as an add-on therapy to a single antipsychotic in treatment-resistant patients. The data demonstrated that evenamide as an add-on treatment for patients with TRS was associated with sustained, clinically significant benefits that increased throughout the one-year course of treatment, with more than 70% of patients experiencing a clinically important reduction in disease severity.

Overall, data from study 014 has demonstrated that evenamide was safe and well-tolerated at all doses, with 97% of patients completing six weeks of treatment. The incidence of treatment-emergent adverse events was very low, and more than 90% of the completers chose to continue with evenamide treatment into the long-term extension study (study 015).

In Q2 2024, the Company announced two sets of data from study 008A, a potentially pivotal four-week randomized, double-blind and placebo-controlled study of evenamide as an add-on therapy in patients with chronic schizophrenia demonstrating inadequate benefit to their current second-generation antipsychotic. Topline data announced in April confirmed evenamide’s favorable safety and tolerability profile, followed by compelling data from additional analyses reported in May.

The study met the primary endpoint (improvement of the Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS) Total Score), and there was no increase in EPS, weight gain, blood glucose, metabolic syndrome, sexual dysfunction or gastro-intestinal side effects, CNS or cardiac effects, or laboratory abnormalities. The study also met the secondary endpoint (improvement of the Clinical Global Impression of Severity (CGI-S)), with a high rate of study completion (96%). No new or specific concerns were raised in the study; only 25% of the patients in the study experienced at least one adverse event (evenamide 25% versus placebo 25.8%).

The totality of these results validated evenamide as the first glutamate modulator to demonstrate efficacy in inadequately responding patients with schizophrenia in a placebo-controlled study.

Newron is expected to initiate a Phase III randomized, double-blind, one-year trial in H1 2025 that will compare evenamide to placebo as add-on treatment in at least 600 patients with treatment-resistant schizophrenia (TRS). The primary efficacy endpoint will be change from baseline in the Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS) scores at 12 weeks. Following this initial period, subjects will continue on their assigned treatment until week 52, for demonstration of long-term

² Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS) is widely used in clinical trials of schizophrenia and is considered the “gold standard” for assessment of antipsychotic treatment efficacy (Innvo Clin Neurosci, 2017: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5788255/>)

efficacy and safety and tolerability of evenamide. Newron continues to pursue further development opportunities for evenamide in other territories.

About Newron Pharmaceuticals

Newron (SIX: NWRN, XETRA: NP5) is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of novel therapies for patients with diseases of the central and peripheral nervous system. The Company is headquartered in Bresso near Milan, Italy. Xadago®/safinamide has received marketing authorization for the treatment of Parkinson's disease in the European Union, Switzerland, the UK, the USA, Australia, Canada, Latin America, Israel, the United Arab Emirates, Japan and South Korea, and is commercialized by Newron's Partner Zambon. Supernus Pharmaceuticals holds the commercialization rights in the USA. Meiji Seika has the rights to develop and commercialize the compound in Japan and other key Asian territories. Newron is also developing evenamide as the potential first add-on therapy for the treatment of patients with symptoms of schizophrenia. For more information, please visit: www.newron.com

About EA Pharma

EA Pharma Co., Ltd. is a subsidiary of Eisai Co., Ltd. It was established in April 2016 by integration of the gastrointestinal business unit with more than 60 year's history of the Eisai Group and the gastrointestinal business unit of the Ajinomoto Group having amino acid as its business core. EA Pharma Co., Ltd., is a specialty pharmaceutical company with a full value chain covering R&D, production & logistics and sales & marketing. For further information on EA Pharma Co., Ltd., please visit <https://www.eapharma.co.jp/>

For more information, please contact:

Newron

Stefan Weber – CEO, +39 02 6103 46 26, pr@newron.com

UK/Europe

Simon Conway / Ciara Martin / Natalie Garland-Collins, FTI Consulting, +44 20 3727 1000, SCnewron@fticonsulting.com

Switzerland

Valentin Handschin, IRF, +41 43 244 81 54, handschin@irf-reputation.ch

Germany/Europe

Anne Hennecke / Maximilian Schur, MC Services, +49 211 52925227, newron@mc-services.eu

USA

Paul Sagan, LaVoieHealthScience, +1 617 374 8800, Ext. 112, psagan@lavoiehealthscience.com

EA Pharma

EA Pharma Co., Ltd. Corporate Communication Dept., contact_ea@eapharma.co.jp

Important Notices

This document contains forward-looking statements, including (without limitation) about (1) Newron's ability to develop and expand its business, successfully complete development of its current product candidates, the timing of commencement of various clinical trials and receipt of data and current and future collaborations for the development and commercialization of its product candidates, (2) the market for drugs to treat CNS diseases and pain conditions, (3) Newron's financial resources, and (4) assumptions underlying any such statements. In some cases, these statements and assumptions can be identified by the fact that they use words such as "will", "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "project", "intend", "plan", "believe", "target", and other words and terms of similar meaning. All statements, other than historical facts, contained herein regarding Newron's strategy, goals, plans, future financial position, projected revenues and costs and prospects are forward-looking statements. By their very nature, such statements and assumptions involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described, assumed or implied therein will not be achieved. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set out in, contemplated by or underlying the forward-looking statements due to a number of important factors. These factors include (without limitation) (1) uncertainties in the discovery, development or marketing of products, including without limitation difficulties in enrolling clinical trials, negative results of clinical trials or research projects or unexpected side effects, (2) delay or inability in obtaining regulatory approvals or bringing products to market, (3) future market acceptance of products, (4) loss of or inability to obtain adequate protection for intellectual property rights, (5) inability to raise additional funds, (6) success of existing and entry into future collaborations and licensing agreements, (7) litigation, (8) loss of key executive or other employees, (9) adverse publicity and news coverage, and (10) competition, regulatory, legislative and judicial developments or changes in market and/or overall economic conditions. Newron may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in forward-looking statements and assumptions underlying any such statements may prove wrong. Investors should therefore not place undue reliance on them. There can be no assurance that actual results of Newron's research programs, development activities, commercialization plans, collaborations and operations will not differ materially from the expectations set out in such forward-looking statements or underlying assumptions. Newron does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable regulations of the SIX Swiss Exchange or the Dusseldorf Stock Exchange where the shares of Newron are listed. This document does not contain or constitute an offer or invitation to purchase or subscribe for any securities of Newron and no part of it shall form the basis of or be relied upon in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever.